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Evaluation of Laboratory Rapid Diagnosis of HIV in Pregnant Women in Isfahan

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Introduction: women who live with HIV/AIDS are increasing in Iran in recent years and increase of pregnant women affected to HIV, if not prevented by effective measures, can lead to HIV transfer to children and because most of them are in reproducers age its necessary to conduct many activities for preventing mother to child transmutation. Main purpose of this investigation is assessment of Rapid test SD for diagnosis of HIV in pregnant women. **Method:** this survey is descriptive-cross sectional –study. Target group was 7172 pregnant women who were screamed for HIV affection by immune chromatographic method (Rapid test) in 93-94 years. The data were analyzed by spss-20 software. **Result:** in 7172 pregnant women, 10 cases had Rapid test reactive in HIV2. All of them referred to behavioral disease consultation center and rechecked by Rapid test and Elisa. Just in 3 cases again Rapid test were reactive in HIV2. But all of them were non-reactive by Cham bio Rapid test and for all those Elisa. Fourth generations were non-reactive. Just in one case she had history of high-risk behavior. **Discussion:** PMTC is the most important strategy in control and prevention of HIV/ AIDS in national strategic plan in Iran so screening of pregnant women for HIV/AIDS is very necessary but it's vital to use test with high specify and Sensitivity for reducing stress in mother, revision regarding use of Rapid test SD or use of other WHO approved – kits for reactive HIV2 is suggested.

Keywords: Pregnant Women, HIV/AIDS, Rapid Test

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