کارگاه‌های آموزشی مرکز اطلاعات علمی

مقاله نویسی علوم انسانی

اصول تنظیم قراردادها

آموزش مهارت های کاربردی در تدوین و چاپ مقاله
A three-month-old infant was admitted to a general hospital due to respiratory problems such as cough, wheezing, and tachypnea. He was referred to our center because of no amelioration with abnormal findings in his chest radiograph. He had a history of dry cough since two months ago.

He was born at term, weighing 2.7 kg via cesarean section because of polyhydramnios.
which had been noted during pregnancy. His mother was a 30-year-old woman with a history of two previous abortions.

On physical examination, the respiratory rate was 40/min. The heart sounds were more obvious and the respiratory sounds were muffled on the right side. The chest radiograph revealed generalized opacification of the right hemithorax with shifting of the mediastinum and heart to the right side, consistent with right lung aplasia with compensatory emphysema of the left lung (Figure 1). Computed tomography (CT) of the chest demonstrated lung hypoplasia (Figure 2). Perfusion scan demonstrated negligible function on the right lung (Figure 3).

What is Your Diagnosis?

See the next pages for the diagnosis
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